

Order of Service; Directing Defendants to File Dispositive Motion or Notice Regarding Such Motion  
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1 To state a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, a plaintiff must allege two essential elements:  
2 (1) that a right secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States was violated, and (2) that  
3 the alleged violation was committed by a person acting under the color of state law. *See West v.*  
4 *Atkins*, 487 U.S. 42, 48 (1988).

5 B. Legal Claims

6 Plaintiff is a practicing Muslim incarcerated at San Quentin State Prison (“SQSP”). As  
7 part of his religious beliefs, plaintiff must pray five times daily at specified times: specifically at  
8 Zhur (noon) and Asr (afternoon) prayer during “opening dayroom” when all prisoners are  
9 allowed to participate in recreational activities. By doing so, plaintiff believes that he will  
10 receive between 25-27 times more blessings during a congregational prayer than during  
11 individual prayer. At the time, SQSP staff had imposed a rule prohibiting SQSP Muslim inmates  
12 from offering congregational prayer in groups of more than 4 inmates at a time.

13 Initially, Muslim prisoners on the West Block at SQSP were not permitted to engage in  
14 congregational prayer groups with more than 4 Muslim prisoners during “open dayroom” even  
15 though a group of about 25 Christian prisoners was simultaneously offering a congregational  
16 prayer and was not interrupted by correctional staff. Plaintiff and other Muslim prisoners filed a  
17 group administrative appeal, complaining that they were being discriminated against based on  
18 their religion. At the third level of review, plaintiff’s appeal was granted, and the complaint was  
19 referred to the Religious Review Committee. On May 14, 2014, the Religious Review  
20 Committee decided to allow Muslim prisoners at SQSP to participate in congregational prayer of  
21 no more than 15 prisoners during “open dayroom.”

22 However, on November 17, 2014, defendants Albritton and Kluger informed plaintiff and  
23 other Muslim prisoners that congregational Zhur and Asr prayer during open dayroom was no  
24 longer permitted. Plaintiff was told that Muslim prisoners could have one congregational prayer  
25 per day during “open dayroom” between 7:30 p.m. and 9:00 p.m. Muslim inmate Khalifah E.D.  
26 Saif’ullah filed an administrative appeal the next day against defendants. At the third level of  
27 review, the appeal was granted, and the warden was ordered to conduct another Religious  
28 Review Committee to modify the May 14, 2014 order by offering congregational prayer five

1 times a day to Muslim prisoners, especially during “open dayroom.”

2 In the underlying federal complaint, plaintiff alleges that defendants have refused to  
3 comply with this third level of review directive, and prison officials have not conducted a  
4 Religious Review Committee meeting. Plaintiff also alleges that Muslim prisoners are currently  
5 not allowed to meet in groups of 5 or more for congregational prayer groups while Christians  
6 and Jewish prisoners are permitted to meet for congregational prayer as often as they want  
7 during “open dayroom.”

8 Liberally construed, plaintiff has stated cognizable claims that defendants violated the  
9 First Amendment Free Exercise Clause, First Amendment Establishment Clause, First  
10 Amendment right against retaliation, Fourteenth Amendment right to equal protection, and the  
11 Religious Land Use and Institutionalized Persons Act.

## 12 CONCLUSION

13 1. The Clerk of the court shall mail a Notice of Lawsuit and Request for Waiver of  
14 Service of Summons, two copies of the Waiver of Service of Summons, a copy of the complaint  
15 and all attachments thereto (docket no. 1), and a copy of this order to **Associate Warden S.R.**  
16 **Albritton and Correctional Lt. R. Kluger at San Quentin State Prison.** The Clerk of the  
17 court shall also mail a courtesy copy of the complaint and a copy of this order to the California  
18 Attorney General’s Office. Additionally, the Clerk shall mail a copy of this order to plaintiff.

19 2. Defendants are cautioned that Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure  
20 requires them to cooperate in saving unnecessary costs of service of the summons and complaint.  
21 Pursuant to Rule 4, if defendants, after being notified of this action and asked by the court, on  
22 behalf of plaintiff, to waive service of the summons, fail to do so, they will be required to bear  
23 the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for their failure to sign and return the waiver  
24 form. If service is waived, this action will proceed as if defendants had been served on the date  
25 that the waiver is filed, and defendants will not be required to serve and file an answer before  
26 **sixty (60) days** from the date on which the request for waiver was sent. Defendants are asked to  
27 read the statement set forth at the bottom of the waiver form that more completely describes the  
28 duties of the parties with regard to waiver of service of the summons. If service is waived after

1 the date provided in the Notice but before defendants have been personally served, the Answer  
2 shall be due **sixty (60) days** from the date on which the request for waiver was sent or **twenty**  
3 **(20) days** from the date the waiver form is filed, whichever is later.

4 3. No later than **sixty (60) days** from the date the waivers are sent from the court,  
5 defendants shall file a motion for summary judgment or other dispositive motion with respect to  
6 the cognizable claims in the complaint. Any motion for summary judgment shall be supported  
7 by adequate factual documentation and shall conform in all respects to Rule 56 of the Federal  
8 Rules of Civil Procedure. **Defendants are advised that summary judgment cannot be**  
9 **granted, nor qualified immunity found, if material facts are in dispute. If defendants are of**  
10 **the opinion that this case cannot be resolved by summary judgment, they shall so inform**  
11 **the court prior to the date the summary judgment motion is due.**

12 4. Plaintiff's opposition to the dispositive motion shall be filed with the court and  
13 served on defendants no later than **twenty-eight (28) days** from the date defendants' motion is  
14 filed. Plaintiff is advised to read Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and  
15 *Celotex Corp. v. Catrett*, 477 U.S. 317 (1986) (holding party opposing summary judgment must  
16 come forward with evidence showing triable issues of material fact on every essential element of  
17 his claim).

18 5. Defendants shall file a reply brief no later than **fourteen (14) days** after plaintiff's  
19 opposition is filed.

20 6. The motion shall be deemed submitted as of the date the reply brief is due. No  
21 hearing will be held on the motion unless the court so orders at a later date.

22 7. All communications by the plaintiff with the court must be served on defendants  
23 or defendants' counsel, by mailing a true copy of the document to defendants or defendants'  
24 counsel.

25 8. Discovery may be taken in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.  
26 No further court order is required before the parties may conduct discovery.

27 9. It is plaintiff's responsibility to prosecute this case. Plaintiff must keep the court  
28 and all parties informed of any change of address and must comply with the court's orders in a

1 timely fashion. Failure to do so may result in the dismissal of this action for failure to prosecute  
2 pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b).

3 IT IS SO ORDERED.

4 DATED: 3/17/2016

  
LUCY H. KOH  
United States District Judge